## **Know your Great Lakes Trout & Salmon Species**

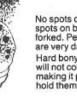
Anglers on the Great Lakes have the opportunity to catch a variety of species - including many different salmon and trout. Often times these species can look very similar to one another. This document provides some tips for identifying the most commonly caught Great Lakes trout and salmon species.

**Atlantic Salmon:** This native of the north Atlantic Ocean is known throughout the world as an exciting sportfish. It was introduced into the Great Lakes in 1972. The average adult lake-run Atlantic salmon weights 8-10 pounds. Michigan's record is 32.62

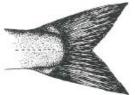
pounds.



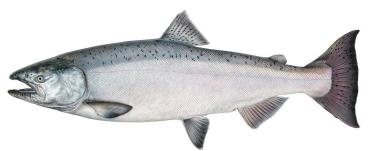
Atlantic Salmon
Anal rays — 9.
Gill rakers — 18-24.
Lateral line scales —
109-121. Scale rows
around peduncle — 45-49.
Upper lip — extends to
rear of eye.
Tongue — pointed with
5-6 weak teeth.
Look-alike — Brown trout.



No spots on tail. X-like spots on body. Tail forked. Pectoral fins are very dark. Hard bony plates in tail will not compress, making it possible to hold them by tail.



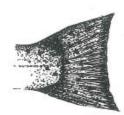
**Chinook (King) Salmon:** This species is native to the Pacific Ocean from Southern California to Alaska. Michigan introduced Chinooks to the Great Lakes in 1967. Weights typically run from 20-30 pounds. Michigan's record is 48.06 pounds.



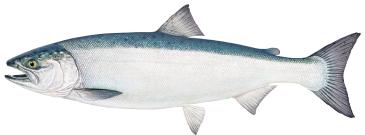
Chinook (King)
Salmon
Mouth — black.
Anal rays — 15 to 17.
Color — silvery before spawning. Dark during spawning.



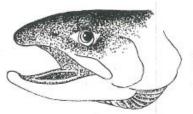
Large black spots over tail and upper portion



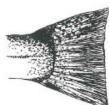
**Coho Salmon:** This species is also native to the Pacific Coast of North America. Michigan first started stocking cohos in 1966. Adults average 8 pounds. Michigan's record is 30.56 pounds.



Coho (Silver) Salmon Mouth — dark, gums whitish. Anal rays — 13 to 15. Color — silvery before spawning. Dark during spawning. Look-alike — Rainbow.



Small spots on upper portion of tail.





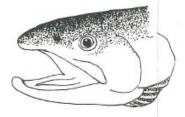
**Rainbow (Steelhead) Trout:** This species lives, grows and reaches spawning size in the Great Lakes. They are native to the North American coastal streams of the Pacific Ocean. Average adult size for Great Lakes steelhead is 9-10 pounds. Michigan's record

is 26.50 pounds.



Rainbow (Steelhead) Trout Mouth — white. Anal rays — 10 to 12. Color — silvery; may have pinkish streak on

sides. Look-alike Salmon species.



Pepper-size spots radiating along the rays on the entire tail. Additional spots may or may not adorn the upper surface of the body.



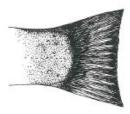
**Brown Trout:** This species is a close relative of the Atlantic salmon and was brought to North American waters as exotics. On the average, lake-run adults weigh 8 pounds. Michigan's record is 41.45 pounds.



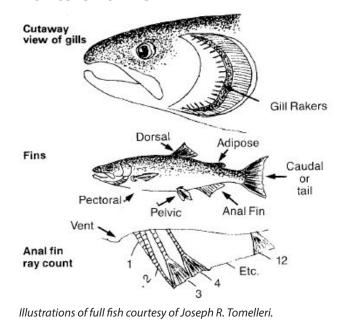
Brown Trout

Anal rays — 9-10.
Gill rakers — 14-20.
Lateral line scales —
120-130. Scale rows
around peduncle — 54-61.
Upper lip — extends
past rear of eye.
Tongue — squarish
with 5 or more strong
teeth per side.
Look-alike — Atlantic salmon.

Pectoral fins light.
Tail square. Lake-run
browns silvery with or
without small x-shaped
spots. Spots become
more distinctive as fish
is kept out of water and
may take on a reddish
hue.



## Parts of a Fish



**Lake Trout, Splake & Brook Trout:** Generally these species may be distinguished from the other trout and salmon by the whitish spotted or wormy markings on their backs and by the white leading edge of their lower fins. Separation of the three is much more difficult.

